

Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X <https://pax.peaceagreements.org/>

Country/ entity	Syria
Region	Middle East and North Africa
Agreement name	Untitled Agreement [between Suqur al-Sham Brigades and Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (ISIS)]
Date	6 Jan 2014
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/ conflict level	Intrastate/local conflict (Saudi-Yemeni Border Dispute (1934 - 2000) Syrian Conflicts (1948 -) (1976 - 2005) (2011 -))
Stage	Ceasefire/related
Conflict nature	Inter-group
Peace process	Syrian Local Agreements
Parties	Suqur al-Sham Brigades [Hawks of Syria Brigade] Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant [ISIS; ISIL]
Third parties	-
Description	Short ceasefire agreement and the agreement that no party to the agreement may support any other faction in the Levant that 'fights in the path of God'. Agreement also calls for the establishment of a Sharia court to help implementation.

Agreement document [SY_140106_Hawks of Syria and ISIS Agreement in Hama_EN.pdf](#)  | [Download PDF](#)

Agreement document (original language) [SY_140106_Hawks of Syria and ISIS Agreement in Hama_AR.pdf](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Local agreement properties

Process type	Isolated example
Rationale	Local issues only, no external support mechanism, no culture of signing No formally-established mechanism supported the negotiation between the two Salafi armed groups. Moreover, this agreement cannot be linked to the national peace process. Indeed, both groups have a Salafist ideology; they oppose the rule of Bashar al-Assad in Syria and reject the idea of a national negotiation to solve the conflict. This agreement is one of its kind because ISIS accepts to dealing with a group that was once part of the Western-aligned FSA, which is a significant step.
Is there a documented link to a national peace process?	No
Link to national process: articulated rationale	No link to the national peace process in Syria is mentioned in the agreement, neither it can be inferred from further research. First, the agreement does not involve local governance actors; and the signing parties themselves are not official state representative. Second, all parties to the agreement reject the national peace process, as it would maintain Bashar al-Assad and the Syrian government in power.
Name of Locale	NA
Nature Of Locale	Region
GPS Lat/ Long (DD)	34.851288, 37.861475
Participant type	Local armed group International or transnational actor
Mediator, facilitator or similar	No mention of mediator or similar

Local issues

Ritual/ prayer and process (including use of scripture)	Page 1, In the name of God, most Gracious, most Compassionate Page 1, God says: “The believers are but brothers, so make settlement between your brothers [49:10].” Following this reasoning, a peace agreement was made, and this is its beginning: Page 1, No party, after signing this agreement, has the right to support any other faction in the Levant that fights in the path of God.
Grievance List	Although the agreement does not refer to specific causes of the conflict, it seems that the confrontation between Suqur al-Sham Brigades and Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant lies at the centre of the dispute.
Cattle rustling/ banditry	No specific mention.
Social cover	No specific mention.
