

Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X <https://pax.peaceagreements.org/>

Country/ entity	Syria
Region	Middle East and North Africa
Agreement name	Ceasefire between Ahrar al-Sham (AAS), al-Hamza Division, and Sultan Murad Division
Date	13 Jun 2017
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/ conflict level	Intrastate/local conflict (Syrian Conflicts (1948 -) (1976 - 2005) (2011 -))
Stage	Ceasefire/related
Conflict nature	Inter-group
Peace process	Syrian Local Agreements
Parties	Signing on behalf of the First Party al-Sultan Murad - Abu Ahmad Fahim [signed] al-Hamza Division - Abu Bakr Saif [signed] Signing on behalf of the Second Party Ahrar al-Sham - Dr. Abu Bader & Captain Abu Hafs [signed]
Third parties	-
Description	Short agreement between Ahrar al-Sham, on the one hand, and Sultan Murad Division and al-Hamzah Division on the other, seeking to form a dispute resolution committee and use this as the avenue of negotiation on issues. Includes a ceasefire clause and a provision for an end to mobilisation of armed factions.

Agreement document [SY_170613_Ceasefire Ahrar al-Sham al-Hamza Division and Sultan Murad Division_EN.pdf](#)  | [Download PDF](#)

Agreement document (original language) [SY_170613_Ceasefire Ahrar al-Sham al-Hamza Division and Sultan Murad Division_AR.pdf](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Local agreement properties

Process type	Informal but persistent process
Rationale	-> Local issues only; no external support mechanism; culture of signing There is no formally established mechanism to support the negotiation. Moreover, this agreement cannot be linked to the national peace process. Both groups oppose the rule of Bashar al-Assad in Syria and reject the idea of a national negotiation to solve the conflict. Yet, it seems that both signing parties choose to solve daily pragmatic issues related to their armed struggle through agreements. Although one cannot speak of a “culture” of signing peace agreements, the parties are involved (in a non-proactive and non-conscious way) in a persistent practice of signing local agreements.
Is there a documented link to a national peace process?	No
Link to national process: articulated rationale	No link to the national peace process in Syria is mentioned in the agreement, neither it can be inferred from further research. First, the agreement does not involve local governance actors; and the signing parties themselves are not official state representative. Second, all parties to the agreement reject the national peace process, as it would maintain Bashar al-Assad and the Syrian government in power.
Name of Locale	NA
Nature Of Locale	Region
GPS Lat/Long (DD)	36.370312, 37.516544
Participant type	Local armed group
Mediator, facilitator or similar	No mention of mediator or similar

Local issues

Ritual/ prayer and process (including use of scripture)	Page 1, In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful Page 1, All praises be to Allah, and peace and blessings be upon his Prophet.
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Grievance List Although the agreement does not mention any specific cause of the conflict, it addresses the grievances that arose from the military fight between Ahrar al-Sham and Sultan Murad/al-Hamzah Division.

Cattle rustling/
banditry No specific mention.

Social cover No specific mention.
