

**Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X <https://pax.peaceagreements.org/>**

<b>Country/ entity</b>	Libya
<b>Region</b>	Middle East and North Africa
<b>Agreement name</b>	Agreement [Ceasefire between Tripoli and Tarhounah]
<b>Date</b>	21 Sep 2018
<b>Agreement status</b>	Multiparty signed/agreed
<b>Interim arrangement</b>	Yes
<b>Agreement/ conflict level</b>	Intrastate/local conflict ( Libyan Conflicts (1969 - 1994) (2011 - ) )
<b>Stage</b>	Ceasefire/related
<b>Conflict nature</b>	Government
<b>Peace process</b>	Libyan peace process
<b>Parties</b>	First Party – City of Tarhuna 1. Hajj Saleh Salem Al Fanidi 2. Abdulrahim Muhammad Ali 3. Idris Ali Saleh Al Amiri  Second Party – City of Tripoli 1. Al Sayd Ibrahim Qadour 2. Hajj Miftah Masoud Al Arabi 3. Hajj Nour Al Din Saleh Al Dali 4. Hajj Riyadh Saleh Al Sareef
<b>Third parties</b>	Attended by: 1. Mr. Abu Baker Miftah Al Abani 2. Muhammad Al Sayeh Al Busaifi 3. Brig. Gen. Muhammad Ali Al Bakoush  Sponsored by the Minister of Interior, Brig. Gen. Abdulsalam Mustafa Ashour
<b>Description</b>	Six point ceasefire for southern Tripoli. Ceasefire has an interesting 'signatory ritual' having each party issue a statement agreeing to the ceasefire. Ceasefire includes the withdrawal of armed groups, removal of checkpoints, and deletion of inflammatory social media accounts as well as stationing police (employed before 2011) to avoid a security vacuum. An enforcement committee is formed.

---

**Agreement document** [LY\\_180921\\_Tripoli Ceasefire \(Tarhuna\)\\_EN.pdf](#) | Download PDF

**Agreement document (original language)** [LY\\_180921\\_Tripoli Ceasefire \(Tarhuna\)\\_AR.pdf](#) | Download PDF

---

## Local agreement properties

**Process type** Formal structured process

**Rationale** -> Link to national level; external support mechanism; culture of signing The agreement was officially supported by the Minister of Interior. Moreover, It is part of a larger peace process initiated by the United Nations Support Mission in Libya to put an end to violent clashes in and around Tripoli. It is embedded in a culture of signing (and supporting) agreements in this locale and in this timeframe (August/September 2018). In the agreement, the parties mention their will to consolidate the ceasefire that has been previously agreed on in Zawiyah.

**Is there a documented link to a national peace process?** Yes

**Link to national process: articulated rationale** The agreement is linked to the national peace process. It was sponsored by the Minister of Interior. Also, the police forces that have been employed by the ministry of interior from before 2011 is tasked to form a security force to secure the troubled areas in Western Tripoli. The Ministry of Interior is also tasked to create a "committee [...] of the members of the reconciliation by a decree [...] to communicate, activate the work of the security arrangements committee, and follow up with its outputs.

**Name of Locale** Tripoli

**Nature Of Locale** Smaller

**GPS Lat/Long (DD)** 32.676747, 13.173755

**Participant type** Central state actor  
Local state actor

**Mediator, facilitator or similar** No mention of mediator or similar

---

## Local issues

Ritual/  
prayer and  
process  
(including  
use of  
scripture)

No specific mention.

Grievance  
List

Although the agreement does not refer to specific causes of the conflict, it seems that it addresses the local grievances that arose from the clashes between armed groups in Tripoli and Tarhuna.

Cattle  
rustling/  
banditry

No specific mention.

Social cover

No specific mention.

---