Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/entity Central African Republic

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement name Joint Communique (Agreement of Ippy)

Date 6 Oct 2017

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/local conflict

level

Central African Republic Conflicts (1996 -)

The Central African Republic conflict is one of a set of regionally connected conflicts addressed by the African Great Lakes process. After the country gained independence from France in 1960 it has been ruled by a sequence of autocratic leaders that principally gained power through coups. Since the mid-1990s several waves of internal conflict took place in the Central African Republic, primarily along tribal, and later-on increasingly sectarian, lines. In 1996 and 1997, French troops and soldiers from neighbouring countries intervened to end a mutiny in the capital, Bangui, by factions of the army. The fighting was predominantly along tribal lines, with southern tribes in revolt against the 'northern' government. A UN mission was installed in 1998 to secure the truce. After General Bozizé took control of the country after several coup attempts in 2003, a 'bush war' began led by armed opposition forces. From late 2006 onward, government troops with French military support severely weakened the rebels. Following this, a number of agreements were signed during 2007-2008, but not all factions have accepted them. In 2011, Bozizé was re-elected in supposedly fraudulent elections, which resulted in a new wave of uprisings. Séléka, an alliance of northern rebel groups, took over parts of the country and forced Bozizé to agree to a power-sharing deal. However, after this agreement broke down, Séléka took control of Bangui and Bozizé had to flee the country in 2013. Leader of Séléka, Michel Djotodia, took office and officially disbanded Séléka. However, continual violence between ex-Séléka groups and opposing militias, collectively known as 'anti-balaka', persisted and Djotodia was forced to resign less than a year later. Catherine Samba-Panza was installed as interim president until Faustin Archange Touadéra was elected in January 2016. In February 2019 an agreement was signed between the government and fourteen armed groups, including ex-Seleka groups, committed to disarmament. However, violence between ex-Seleka groups and anti-balaka continues.

Close

Central African Republic Conflicts (1996 -

)

Stage Ceasefire/related

Conflict nature Inter-group

Peace process CAR: Local Processes

Parties Representatives of the various CNDS, UPC, RDR armed groups, operating in the Haute-

Koto and the Waka areas.

Third parties

Description The agreement is comprised of the joint declaration and not accompanying report. The

> parties commit to a cessation of hostilities and other actions to end conflict in the joint declaration. Later UN reports record the date as the 9 October but the date on the

photograph of the original seems to be clearly the 6 October 2017

Agreement document

CF_171006_Joint_Communique_tr.pdf (opens in new tab) | Download PDF

Agreement

CF_171006_Joint_Communiqué_FR.pdf (opens in new tab)

document (original

language)

Local agreement properties

Process type Formal structured process

Rationale The report on the series of meetings held to reach the agreement describes a formalized

> process initiated by leaders of the politico-military groups between the 2nd and the 6th of October 2017. The reconciliation initiative was also attended by a representative of the

MINUSCA.

Is there a Yes documented link to a national peace process?

Link to national

Page 1, We, representatives of the various CNDS, UPC, RDR armed groups, operating in process: articulated the Haute-Koto and the Waka areas, solemnly undertake at the end of the meeting to:

rationale

[...] - Foster action by MINUSCA

Name of Locale

Haute-Koto and the Waka areas

Nature of Locale

Region

GPS Lat/Long (DD) 7.066188, 22.052061

Participant type

Local armed group

Mediator, facilitator No mention of mediator or similar

or similar

Local issues

Ritual/prayer and

No specific mention.

process (including use of scripture)

Grievance List

No specific mention.

Cattle rustling/

banditry

No specific mention.

Social cover

No specific mention.