Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/

entity

Mali

Region

Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement

Peace agreement between the Fulani, Dogon and Dafing communities of the

name

municipality of Ouenkoro

Date

16 Aug 2019

Agreement

status

Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim arrangement

Agreement/ Intrastate/local conflict (Mali: Dogon-Fulani and other local conflicts (2015

conflict

-))

Yes

level

Stage Framework/substantive - comprehensive

Conflict

Inter-group

nature

Peace

Mali Local Processes

process

Parties

Signatories to the Peace Agreement between the Peulh, Dogon and Dafing

communities of

Ouenkoro

A representative of the Peulh community A representative of the Dogon community A representative of the Dafing community

A representative of the Peulh self-defense groups A representative of the Dogon self-defense groups

Third parties Ongoing mediation presence provided by local authorities and key local

figureheads - no names clearly listed. Supported by the Centre for

Humanitarian Dialogue.

Description

Short inter-communal reconciliatory agreement between the communities of Ouenkoro in the Mopti region of Mali. The provisions address reconciliation

and DDR and also issues around access to villages for trade and to pastoral resources. There are also substantive arrangements for community formed

monitoring commissions.

Agreement

ML_190816_Peace agreement between the Fulani, Dogon and Dafing communities of the

document

municipality of Ouenkoro.pdf 🗖 Download PDF

Agreement document (original language)

ML_190816_Peace agreement between the Fulani, Dogon and Dafing communities of the municipality of Ouenkoro.pdf | Download PDF

Local agreement properties

Process Formal structured process

type Isolated example

Rationale The process that led to the signing of this agreement was supported by the

Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue. A similar agreement was signed in Bankass circle (the Baye agreement of 25/07/2019), but limited background

research does not suggest a track record of signing agreements in the

Ouenkoro municipality specifically.

Is there a No documented

link to a national peace process?

Link to

national

The agreement was negotiated outside of the national-level peace process as

it deals with local conflict in central Mali. The parties to this agreement are not part of the national-level peace negotiation framework.

process: articulated rationale

Name of Ouenkoro municipality

Locale

Nature Of Region

Locale

GPS Lat/ 13.385000, -3.828000

Long (DD)

Participant Local armed group

type International or transnational actor

Domestic religious organisation/leader or other elder

Mediator, Mediator or similar referred to

facilitator or

similar

Mediator Mediator: Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue

(references)

Type of mediator/ facilitator/ similar

International or transnational actor

Local issues

Ritual/ prayer and process (including use of scripture) No specific mention.

Grievance List

Page 1, Preamble, Aware that the conflict which has opposed us for more than a year is fueling the security crisis which shakes the circle of Bankass but also the region of Mopti in general;

Aware that these tensions are exacerbated by the high level of insecurity in the region marked by the strong presence of local and jihadist armed groups;

Page 2, Chapter II: Causes and consequences of the conflict, Article 2: The Parties agree that the conflict between them is the result of the following elements:

- a) Repeated attacks and looting of villages and market stalls by armed individuals;
- b) Targeted assassinations of influential figures;
- c) The massive-scale theft of herds of cattle;
- d) Poverty and lack of professional prospects for young people;
- e) Embargoes on certain villages, weekly markets, health centers, etc;
- f) The absence of the State and the Defense and Security Forces in the area
- g) The presence of community armed groups and the feeling on both sides that the neighboring community joins them to take revenge against the other community;
- h) Frustration due to conflicts over access to intercommunal natural resources that are not resolved or are poorly resolved.

Page 2, Chapter II: Causes and consequences of the conflict, Article 3: The Parties agree that the conflict between them that has taken place in Ouenkoro for a year has resulted in the following:

- a) The deaths of dozens of people;
- b) The massive displacement of residents of Ouenkoro villages and hamlets to Mopti, Bamako and to the border with Burkina Faso;
- c) The massive-scale theft of herds of cattle;
- d) Restrictions on the free movement of people between municipalities and on access to cultivatable land, as well as to the Ouenkoro markets and health centers.

Cattle rustling/banditry

Page 2, Chapter II: Causes and consequences of the conflict, Article 2: The Parties agree that the conflict between them is the result of the following elements:

•••

c) The massive-scale theft of herds of cattle;

•••

Article 3: The Parties agree that the conflict between them that has taken place in Ouenkoro for a year has resulted in the following:

...

c) The massive-scale theft of herds of cattle;

Page 2, Chapter III: Commitments of the Parties, Article 4: The Parties jointly commit to:

•••

e) Opposing the theft of livestock regardless of the owner's community, and returning stolen goods to their owners;

Social cover No specific mention.