

Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X <https://pax.peaceagreements.org/>

Country/ entity	Syria
Region	Middle East and North Africa
Agreement name	Agreement between Tahrir al-Sham and Nour al-Din al-Zenki in Tal Adeh
Date	30 Dec 2018
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/ conflict level	Intrastate/local conflict (Syrian Conflicts (1948 -) (1976 - 2005) (2011 -))
Stage	Other
Conflict nature	Inter-group
Peace process	Syrian Local Agreements
Parties	National Liberation Front (Nour al-Din al-Zenki Movement), Abdo Zamzam National Liberation Front, Jaber Ali al-Basha Hayat Tahrir al-Sham, Abu Ubaida Kafrhor
Third parties	Ansar al-Din
Description	Three point agreement providing for resolution of a set of 'tit-for-tat' killings, by providing for a process of adjudication relating to the latest killing, and provision to restore inter-group relationships and (implicitly) the ceasefire.

Agreement document [SY_181230_AgreementbetweenTahriral-ShamandNoural-Dinal-ZenkiTalAdeh_EN.pdf](#) |  | [Download PDF](#)

Agreement document (original language) [SY_181230_AgreementbetweenTahriral-ShamandNoural-Dinal-ZenkiTalAdeh_AR.pdf](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Local agreement properties

Process type	Informal but persistent process
Rationale	-> Local issues only; no external support mechanism; culture of signing There is no formally established mechanism to support the negotiation between Salafi armed groups. Moreover, this agreement is linked to local issues only. Yet, it seems that both signing parties choose to solve daily pragmatic issues related to their armed struggle through agreements. Although one cannot speak of a “culture” of signing peace agreements, the parties are involved (in a non-proactive and non-conscious way) in a persistent practice of signing local agreements. The agreement must be seen in the light of multiple local level processes in Aleppo governorate in late 2017.
Is there a documented link to a national peace process?	No
Link to national process: articulated rationale	No link to the national peace process in Syria is mentioned in the agreement, neither it can be inferred from further research. First, the agreement does not involve local governance actors; and the signing parties themselves are not official state representative. Second, all parties to the agreement reject the national peace process, as it would maintain Bashar al-Assad and the Syrian government in power. The agreement stipulates that a joint chamber of operation should be formed to topple the Bashar al-Assad’s regime. Finally, the agreement should be understood in the context of an “intra-religious insurgent groups” conflict where several factions that all oppose Bashar al-Assad engaged in fighting and took some distance from their initial raison d’être in the context of the Syrian civil war.
Name of Locale	Talada
Nature Of Locale	Smaller
GPS Lat/ Long (DD)	36.253028, 36.801925
Participant type	Local armed group
Mediator, facilitator or similar	No mention of mediator or similar

Local issues

Ritual/ prayer and process (including use of scripture)	Page 1, In the Name of Allah, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful Praise be to God, Lord of the worlds, and prayers and peace be upon our Prophet Muhammad and upon, his family and companions, and after:
Grievance List	Page 1, After the meeting between brothers from the National Liberation Front (al-Zenki Movement) and Hayat Tahrir al-Sham about the sinful killing that took place in the village of Tal Adeh, the Zenki Movement reported its narration about the incident, stating that a civilian group from Beyet Al-Barsha lives in the Euphrates Shield areas infiltrated the Al-Qatura Junction through a road called Al-Warsh, towards the village of Tal Adeh, they carried out the killing, and confessed about it in revenge for their previous killers, while Hayat Tahrir al-Sham stated that the group infiltrated from al-Zenki positions in Jabal Barakat to the village of Tal Adeh and killed the brothers and that it had its evidence for that, and accordingly, the following was agreed upon:
Cattle rustling/ banditry	No specific mention.
Social cover	Page 1, 2. Handing over the accused persons to Ansar al-Din as a third party within a maximum period of twenty-four hours from its date
