## Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/ Syria

entity

Region Middle East and North Africa

Agreement Agreement between Tahrir al-Sham and the elders of several villages in al-

name Ghab Plain

**Date** 9 Jan 2019

Agreement Multiparty signed/agreed

status

Interim Yes arrangement

Agreement/ Intrastate/local conflict (Syrian Conflicts (1948 - ) (1976 - 2005) (2011 - ))

conflict level

Stage Ceasefire/related

Conflict Inter-group

nature

Peace process Syrian Local Agreements

Parties Tahrir al-Sham

Elders of the villages of al-Hawash, al-Hawija, al-Hawiz, al-Hurriyyah, al-

Hamra, Bab al-Taqah, and Shariyyah

Third parties -

**Description** Three-point agreement providing for the administrative affiliation of villages

to the Salvation government, neutralization and demilitarization of the

villages

Agreement

 ${\it SY\_190109\_Agreement\ between\ Tahrir\ al-Sham\ and\ the\ elders\ of\ villages\ in\ al-Ghab}$ 

**document** Plain\_EN.pdf Download PDF

Agreement document (original language) SY\_190109\_Agreement between Tahrir al-Sham and the elders of villages in al-Ghab

Plain\_AR.pdf | Download PDF

## **Local agreement properties**

**Process type** Informal but persistent process

Rationale -> Local issues only; no external support mechanism; culture of signing There is no formally established mechanism to support the negotiation between Salafi armed groups. Moreover, this agreement cannot be linked to the national peace process. Yet, it seems that Hayat Tahrir al-Sham choose to solve daily pragmatic issues related to their armed struggle through agreements. Although one cannot speak of a "culture" of singing peace agreements, at least one of the parties is involved (in a non-proactive and non-conscious way) in a persistent practice of signing local agreements. The agreement is related to multiple local level processes in Idlib governorate in late-2018 and early-2019 between opposition groups and local elders.

Is there a documented link to a national peace process?

national process: articulated rationale

Link to No link to the national peace process in Syria is mentioned in the agreement, neither it can be inferred from further research. First, the agreement does not involve local governance actors; and the signing parties themselves are not official state representative. Second, a key party to the agreement rejects the national peace process, as it would maintain Bashar al-Assad and the Syrian government in power. Finally, the agreement complements another agreements signed on the same day between Hayat Tahrir al-Sham and Ahrar al-Sham in the same area. As such, these agreements should be understood in the context of an "intra-religious insurgent groups" conflict where several factions that all oppose Bashar al-Assad engaged in fighting and took some distance from their initial raison d'être in the context of the Syrian civil war.

Name of al-Ghab Plain Locale

Nature Of Region Locale

GPS Lat/Long 35.557691, 36.346081 (DD)

Participant Local armed group

type Local community/civilian group(s)/civil society organisations

Mediator. No mention of mediator or similar facilitator or similar

## **Local issues**

Ritual/

Page 1, In the Name of Allah, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful

prayer and process

(including use of scripture)

Grievance

No specific mention.

List

Cattle

No specific mention.

rustling/ banditry

Social cover Page 1,

Third: Exempting members of Ahrar al-Sham from any rights of the Hayat