


Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X <https://pax.peaceagreements.org/>

Country/ entity	Mali
Region	Africa (excl MENA)
Agreement name	Peace Agreement between the Dogon & Peulh communities of Bondo, Dioungani, and Koro
Date	12 Jan 2021
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/ conflict level	Intrastate/local conflict (Mali: Dogon-Fulani and other local conflicts (2015 -))
Stage	Framework/substantive - partial
Conflict nature	Inter-group
Peace process	Mali Local Processes
Parties	For the Dogon community: Souleymane Dougnon, advisor to the village chief of Dangatene Yessa Djimde, president of the Koro village chiefs' coordination Allaye Niangaly, village chief of Omon Soumalia Perou, village chief of Poudourou Serou Niangaly, village chief of Bondo Alhadji Dougnon, village chief of Torou Amadou Agnou, village chief of Am Hamadoun Guindo, village chief of Gourthi [illegible] For the Fulani community Mamoudou Alpha Barry, village chief of Yorou Moussa Hassimi Barry, community leader Boureima Barry, community leader Michailou Amadou Barry, village chief of Gourthi Allaye Oumar Barry, community leader Amadou Guindo, community leader

Third parties Witnesses:
First witness, Allaye Teme, vice-president of Monobem
Second witness, Nouh Djeme, vice-president of Recotrade

[unsigned mediator: HD Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue and Monobem association]

Description This is one of three agreements signed between the Fulani and Dogon with humanitarian objectives on 12, 22 and 24 January 2021, led by the Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue (HD) and the community association Monobèm. Through these agreements, the communities further commit to ensuring the physical integrity and free circulation of persons, goods, and livestock, while condemning the violence in the circle of Koro, in Central Mali. In this agreement, the representatives of the local communities agree to facilitate circulation of people and goods, access to lands and roads, attendance of markets, and access to NGOs, while at the same time committing to not carrying weapons.

Agreement document [ML_210112_Peace Agreement between the Dogon & Peulh communities of Bondo, Dioungani, and Koro_tr.pdf](#)  | [Download PDF](#)

Agreement document (original language) [ML_210112_Peace Agreement between the Dogon & Peulh communities of Bondo, Dioungani, and Koro_FR.pdf](#) | [Download PDF](#)

Local agreement properties

Process type Formal structured process

Rationale The negotiations were supported by the HD Centre who noted that "these agreements are part of the mediation framework implemented by HD – also known as the Henry Dunant Centre – as mandated by the Office of the Prime Minister of Mali and with the financial support of the Government of Canada."

Is there a documented link to a national peace process? Yes

Link to national process: articulated rationale	The link to the national process is suggested by the involvement of the Office of the Prime Minister of Mali in mandating that the negotiation be undertaken.
Name of Locale	Koro Circle
Nature Of Locale	Region
GPS Lat/ Long (DD)	14.065610, -3.085155
Participant type	Local state actor Local armed group International or transnational actor Domestic religious organisation/leader or other elder Local community/civilian group(s)/civil society organisations
Mediator, facilitator or similar	Mediator or similar referred to
Mediator (references)	The HD Centre was instrumental in bringing the representatives of the villages together in talks. Further, their announcement of the signing notes that "These agreements are part of the mediation framework implemented by HD – also known as the Henry Dunant Centre – as mandated by the Office of the Prime Minister of Mali and with the financial support of the Government of Canada." The agreement also notes the mediation by the Monobem Association.
Type of mediator/facilitator/similar	Central state actor Local community/civilian group(s)/civil society organisations International or transnational actor

Local issues

Ritual/ prayer and process (including use of scripture)	No specific mention.
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Grievance
List

Page 2:

Preamble

We, the Dogon and Peulh communities of the communes of Bondo, Dioungani, and Koro, in the Koro Circle, Mali, hereinafter referred to as the Parties;

Aware that the conflict between us since 2017 is fuelling the security crisis that is devastating the region;

[...]

Recalling that in the past the Dogon and Peulh communities coexisted peacefully in the Koro Circle communes of Bondo, Dioungani, and Koro, despite the tensions that have always existed between our communities concerning the management of resources natural that we share;

Aware that these tensions are exacerbated by the high level of insecurity throughout the Dogon plateau, Senno and Gondo and that the current conflict has led to the end of economic activities, mass killings in 2018, and even the restriction of the free movement of people and their goods;

Page 3-4:

Chapter II: Causes and consequences of the conflict

Article 2: The Parties agree that the inter-communal conflict between them across their municipalities is the result of the following elements:

- a) Repeated attacks and looting of villages and hamlets by armed individuals;
- b) Targeted assassinations of influential figures;
- c) Massive cattle theft by both parties;
- d) Attacks and ambushes against market stalls;
- e) Embargoes on certain villages, water points, weekly markets, and the marketing of certain products (cereals, cattle, and milk),
- f) Closure of basic social services (schools, health center, distribution stores, etc.),
- g) Withdrawal of state agents and defense and security forces in all municipalities;
- h) The feeling on both sides that the neighboring community has joined forces with armed groups to attack the other;
- i) Lack of impartiality of the defense and security forces;
- j) Lack of justice after cases of extrajudicial abuses;
- k) Frustration due to unresolved or poorly resolved inter-communal conflicts on access to natural resources, etc.

Article 3: The Parties agree that the inter-communal conflict between them in their municipalities has had the following consequences since the end of 2017:

- a) The death of more than 300 people;
- b) The displacement of more than 9000 people from 2017 to 2020;
- c) The theft of 2500 heads of cattle;
- d) Embargos on the markets of Dangaténé, Bondo and Koro;
- e) Restrictions on access to cultivable land in Koro, Djoungani and Bondo;
- f) Movement restrictions between the municipalities of Koro, Bondo, and Djoungani.

Cattle
rustling/
banditry

Page 3-4:

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 - f) Closure of basic social services (schools, health center, distribution stores, etc.),
- [...]

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Page 4:

Chapter III: Commitments of the Parties

Article 4: The Parties jointly undertake to:

[...]

- h) Oppose cattle theft regardless of the owner's community and facilitate the search for stolen goods and animals so that they can be returned to their owner;
- i) Not claim animals and property removed or lost during the conflict ;
- j) Facilitate the free use of natural and land resources by all communities (fields, pastures, passageways, travel stops, etc.);

Social cover No specific mention.
