## Peace Agreement Access Tool PA-X https://pax.peaceagreements.org/

Country/ Afghanistan

entity

Region Europe and Eurasia

Agreement Berlin Declaration (Berlin Conference)

name

Date 1 Apr 2004

Agreement Multiparty signed/agreed

status

Interim Yes arrangement

Agreement/ Interstate/intrastate conflict(s) ( Afghan Wars (1979 - ) )

conflict level

Stage Implementation/renegotiation

**Conflict** Government

nature

Peace process Afghanistan: 2000s Post-intervention process

Parties Document not signed, but background documents and reporting note

participants as:

Hamid Karzai - President, Afghanistan

Abd Allah Abd Allah - Foreign Minister, Afghanistan Khurshid Mahmud Kasuri - Foreign Minister, Pakistan

Li Zhaoxing - Foreign Minister, China

Colin Powell - Secretary of State, United States Alexander Downer - Foreign Minister, Australia Jack Straw - Foreign Minister, United Kingdom Brian Cowen - Minister of Foreign Affairs, Ireland

Hwang Doo-Yun - South Korea

Sergey Lavrov - Minister of Foreign Affairs, Russian Federation

Sadako Ogata - Japan

Jaap de Hoop Scheffer - NATO Secretary General

Jean Arnault - United Nations envoy to Afghanistan

As well as representatives from the following countries:

Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Republic of Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Canada, Iceland, Norway, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan

and others, with a total of 65 signatory countries and organisations

Third parties -

**Description** This agreement outlines the conclusions and commitments made by attendees of the 2004 Berlin Conference on Afghanistan. It builds on previous commitments made in the 2001 Bonn Agreement, and extends to new issues including the deployment of international forces in Afghanistan, and adds new financial commitments from donors.

Agreement document

AF\_040401\_Berlin Declaration.pdf Download PDF

## Women, girls and gender

Participation → Citizenship

Page 1, Untitled Preamble

Noting with satisfaction the substantial progress achieved under the Bonn Agreement of December 2001 in fostering peace, stability, national unity, democratization, and economic development in Afghanistan, culminating in the adoption of a new Afghan Constitution in January 2004, which lays the groundwork for an elected Government and Parliament, and an independent Judiciary, which guarantees the constitutional rights of all its citizens – men and women - and adheres to the principle of human rights and the establishment of a self-sustaining, market-orientated economy.

Participation→Other

Page 3, Article 10

That all efforts to build a new Afghanistan shall also reflect the aspirations of the Civil Society that is taking root in the country and promote the participation of women according to their rights under the Constitution

Equality No specific mention.

Particular groups of women

No specific mention.

International International law→General IHRL, IHL and IL

law

Page 1, Untitled Preamble

Noting with satisfaction the substantial progress achieved under the Bonn Agreement of December 2001 in fostering peace, stability, national unity, democratization, and economic development in Afghanistan, culminating in the adoption of a new Afghan Constitution in January 2004, which lays the groundwork for an elected Government and Parliament, and an independent Judiciary, which guarantees the constitutional rights of all its citizens - men and women - and adheres to the principle of human rights and the establishment of a self-sustaining, market-orientated economy.

Page 3, Article 10

That all efforts to build a new Afghanistan shall also reflect the aspirations of the Civil Society that is taking root in the country and promote the participation of women according to their rights under the Constitution

New

No specific mention.

institutions

Violence

No specific mention.

against women

Transitional No specific mention.

justice

reform

Institutional Institutional reform→Constitution-making/reform

Page 1, Untitled Preamble ... Noting with satisfaction the substantial progress achieved under the Bonn Agreement of December 2001 in fostering peace, stability, national unity, democratization, and economic development in Afghanistan, culminating in the adoption of a new Afghan Constitution in January 2004, which lays the groundwork for an elected Government and Parliament, and an independent Judiciary, which guarantees the constitutional rights of all its citizens - men and women - and adheres to the principle of human rights and the establishment of a self-sustaining, marketorientated economy.

Development No specific mention.

Implementation No specific mention.

Other