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Country/entity	Angola Central African Republic Democratic Republic of Congo Kenya Republic of Congo Rwanda Sudan Tanzania Uganda Zambia African Great Lakes
Region	Africa (excl MENA)
Agreement name	Protocol of Non-aggression and Mutual Defence in the Great Lakes Region
Date	30 Nov 2006
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Interstate/intrastate conflict(s) African Great Lakes Process (2004 - 2013)
	The African Great Lakes process attempted to use a regional approach to address a set of inter-linked conflicts notably in Burundi, Rwanda, Democratic Republic of Congo, Central African Republic and Uganda. Close African Great Lakes Process (2004 - 2013)
Stage	Framework/substantive - partial
Conflict nature	Government
Peace process	African Great Lakes: Regional Process
Parties	Unsigned and unlisted, but parties known to be: Angola; Central African Republic; Congo; Democratic Republic of Congo; Kenya; Rwanda; Sudan; Tanzania; Uganda; Zambia
Third parties	-
Description	This protocol is part of the Pact on security, stability and Development in the Great Lakes Region. The objectives of the Protocol include: resolving and preventing internal and inter-state armed conflicts of any kind within and between Member States, and ensuring

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Women, girls and gender

Participation	No specific mention.	
Equality	Equality→Equality (general) Page 5, Article 2, Objectives The objectives of this Protocol are to: 4. Safeguard human and people's rights, gender equity, the rule of law, democracy, and sustainable development in the Great Lakes Region;	
Particular groups of No specific mention. women		
International law	International law→General IHRL, IHL and IL Page 5, Article 2, Objectives The objectives of this Protocol are to: 4. Safeguard human and people's rights, gender equity, the rule of law, democracy, and sustainable development in the Great Lakes Region; Page 5, Article 3 Renunciation of the Threat or Use of Force by Member States, 2. This renunciation is without prejudice to the primary responsibility of Member States to preserve the integrity of their sovereignty and to protect the lives and human rights of all persons and all peoples, including women and children, residing within their territories. International law→References to UNSC 1325 itself Page 2, Preamble, Taking account of the provisions of the Security Council Resolution 1325, on the protection of women and children during armed conflicts and the need for the equitable representation of women in making decisions aimed at ending such conflicts;	
New institutions	No specific mention.	
Violence against women	Violence against women→Protection (general) Page 2, Preamble, Taking account of the provisions of the Security Council Resolution 1325, on the protection of women and children during armed conflicts and the need for the equitable representation of women in making decisions aimed at ending such conflicts;	
Transitional justice	No specific mention.	
Institutional reform No specific mention.		
Development	No specific mention.	

Implementation No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.