Country/entity	Colombia
Region	Americas
Agreement name	Joint Communique #97
Date	6 Sep 2016
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict	Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Stage

Parties

Colombian Conflict (1964 -)

The Colombian conflict is really a set of conflicts and the peace agreements reflect both different processes relating to different conflict groups and dyads, and processes taking place at different times in a complex peace process history. The Colombian civil war has its roots in the late 1940s and the violent infighting between liberal and the conservative factions. Emerging from the liberal tradition with a thorough grounding in nationalist communist ideology, the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia—People's Army (FARC) began its armed insurrection against the Colombian government in 1964. Other left-wing guerrillas emerged as well, most notably the socialist/populist M-19, which would later be integrated into the formal political system in the peace process of 1990s; the National Liberation Army (ELN), which has strong roots in liberation theology, and the Maoist Ejército Popular de Liberación (EPL) (also part of the 1990 process, less successfully). Several stages of peace processes were undertaken by the various sides, which were further complicated by the emergence of right-wing paramilitary 'selfdefence' forces. The peace agreement between the Colombian government under President Uribe and the main alliance of the paramilitary groups, the United Self-Defence Forces of Colombia (AUC), concluded in 2005 and is still heavily disputed as several remnants are still active, but now subsumed under the heading 'Bacrim' (Bandas criminales). In addition, FARC and ELN maintain a military presence, but both demonstrate a strong interest in completing successful peace negotiations with the government, with the most recent agreements being between FARC and the Government. Close Colombian Conflict (1964 -) Implementation/renegotiation **Conflict nature** Government Colombia V - Santos Peace process Government of Colombia

FARC-EP

Third parties

DescriptionAn agreement providing for implementation modalities for demobilising children from
FARC-EP

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Women, girls and gender

Participation	No specific mention.
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Equality No specific mention.

Particular groups of No specific mention. women

International law No specific mention.

New institutions No specific mention.

Violence against No specific mention. women

Transitional justice No specific mention.

Institutional reform Institutional reform→DDR, army, parastatal or rebel forces

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...The National Government and the FARC – EP, pursuant to joint communiqué # 96 dated
September 2 whereby we agreed to start the departure process of the minors from the
camps of the FARC – EP, hereby inform that we have agreed on a departure and
transitory shelter protocol for boys, girls and adolescents leaving the FARC – EP camps.DevelopmentNo specific mention.ImplementationNo specific mention.

Other No specific mention.