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Country/entity Nigeria

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement name Kafanchan Peace Declaration between Grazers and Farmers

Date 23 Mar 2016

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Nigerian Civil War (1967), Delta Unrest (1990 -), Communal Conflicts (1978 -), and Boko Haram Insurgency (2009 -)

Since 1960 when Nigeria became independent, it has seen a number of coup d'etats and instability. In 1967, after confederation plans for the Nigerian regions to gain more independence failed, the Eastern region seceded as the Republic of Biafra and this caused the Nigerian Civil War. The conflict resulted from political, economic, ethnic and religious tensions which had existed since before Britain drew new borders when colonising the area. The discovery of oil in the Niger Delta heightened the intensity of the conflict. With the aid of British forces, the Nigerian military managed to take back the territory in 1970. Since then, ethnic violence has persisted.

Nigerian Delta Unrest (1990 -)

Conflict in the Niger Delta arose in the 1990s between foreign oil companies and ethnic groups which felt exploited after being forced to abandon their land. The Nigerian military caused international consternation in 1995 when members of the Ogoni tribe of the Niger Delta were found hanged without due process. The proliferation of arms in the region has encouraged the rise of armed groups which have targeted oil companies and pipelines. This came to a head in 2004 when Shell withdrew personnel from two oil fields in response to attacks on wells and pipelines by rebels. The military have attempted to clamp down on militant groups in the Niger Delta but it was not until the establishment of the Presidential amnesty program in 2009 which required the surrender of weapons by militants in exchange for amnesty. In 2016 a new militant group called the Niger Delta Avengers has announced its existence in the Niger Delta illustrating the continued instability in that region.

Boko Haram Insurgency (2009 -)

Sectarian violence has also been rife in Nigeria and since 2002, the radical Islamist group Boko Haram have been violently seeking to establish sharia law throughout Nigeria and an Islamic caliphate in the Northern part of the country. In 2009 they began an official insurgency which spread to Cameroon, Chad and Niger. In 2014 the group kidnapped 276 girls from a college in Chibok and bombed the town of Jos. The insurgency is the result of Muslim – Christian tensions in the country which is a constant source of instability and violence. In 2015 the military led a regional coalition of forces on a counter-offensive against Boko Haram and they were successful in taking ground. There are also conflicts between Fulani herdsmen and Christian peasants in the Middle belt. Widespread corruption and lack of state authority exacerbate these many complex tensions.

Central Nigerian communal conflicts (1978 -)

Unrest in Nigeria is a product of socio-economic pressures between migrating herdsmen and settled agriculturists, exacerbated by firearms proliferation, ethnic conflict, sectarianism and banditry. Since 2001, attacks have adopted a more sectarian character involving suicide bombings and shooting at churches by the jihadist group, Boko Haram. Peaks of violence occurred in 2004 and 2011, patoral/farmer conflict has resulted in the deaths of thousands since the Fourth Nigerian Republic was founded in 1999. The Land Use Act of 1978, exacerbated conflict by allowing longtime occupants 'indigeneship' and the ability to apply for a certificate of occupancy, putting migrating communities at a disadvantage.

Close

Nigerian Civil War (1967), Delta Unrest (1990 -), Communal Conflicts (1978 -), and Boko Pakeramidnsurgency (2009 -)

Stage Framework/substantive - comprehensive

Conflict nature Inter-group

Peace process Nigeria - local agreements

Parties

Jema'a Local Government Area

Bajju

- 1. Samuel Yakubu Ninyio
- 2. Chief Dakachi Diem Anthony
- 3. Bulus Haruna
- 4. Mrs. Janet James
- 5. Rev. Cassimir M. Yabo
- 6. Mr. Gregory Namadi

Fantswam

- 1. Mammuda Z. Habu
- 2. Chief Ayuba Yaya
- 3. Mr. Jospeh Yakusa
- 4. Esther M. Adamu
- 5. Rev. Joshua Chechet
- 6. John B. Awodi

Fulani

- 1. Alh. Haruna Usman
- 2. Ardo Sulaiman Yashi
- 3. Abdulhamid Musa
- 4. Maryam Suleiman
- 5. Abubkar S. Sadiq
- 6. Ardo Abubakar Gamba

Gwong

- 1. Hon. Hussaini Dogara
- 2. Sen. Babale Maikarfi
- 3. Paul M. Bonnet
- 4. Hon. Naomi Waziri
- 5. Maj. Gen. Adamu Dyeri Rtd.

Hausa

- 1. Danjuma Musa
- 2. Alh. Garba Abdullahi Maisukuni
- 3. Alh. Kabir Abdu
- 4. Maimuna G. Abdullahi
- 5. Alh. Kabir Mami Kasim
- 6. Alh. Haruna Saluhu

Igbo

- 1. Chief Chibu-eze Akpu
- 5. Hon. Christopher Oriala

Kaninkon

- 1. Alh. Ismail Suleiman
- 2. William B. Gimba
- 3. Willisi Sati
- 4. Monica A. Tete
- 5. Pastor Ishaku Maman
- 6. Samuel B. Tete

Kachia Local Government Areage 4 of 8 Adara

1 Norman Shokarau

Third parties

Signed by the Following Witnesses:

HD Advisors

Alice Wairimu Nderitu, Senior Advisor and Lead Mediator

Dr. Yakubu Sankey

Khadijah Hawaja Gambo

Baba Bala Muhammad

Joseph Tanko Atang

Salihu Musa Umar

Dr. Lydia Umar

State/Local Government and Security Agency

Nasir Ahmed El-Rufai, Governor, Kaduna State

Rt. Hon. Simon Lalong, Governor, Plateau State

[Unintelligible] - Catholic Bishop, Kapanchan

[Unintelligible] - Jama'atu Nasril Islam

[Unintelligible] - Ambassdor, Norway to Nigeria

Eoghan McSwiney - Deputy Head of Mission, Ireland

Amina Dyeris Sijunde - Atorney General, Kaduna State

Kaduna HD Women's Steering Committee Members:

Sanga LGA

Comfort Habila (Chairperson)

Catherine Chukwu

Patuma Haruna

Hassana Usman

Jummai Danladi

Jema'a LGA

Monica A. Tete (Chairperson)

Haj. Maimuna Abdullahi

Hadiza Umar

Esther M. Adamu

Grace Joel

Kaura LGA

Mary Julius (Chairperson)

Maryam Sa'adu

Angelina I. Boye

Kande Ishaya

Zainab Adamu

Kachia LGA

Christina Joseph (Chairperson)

Victoria Anthony

Karimatu Anthony

Hauwa Kadarko

Bilkisu Baku

Zangon-Kataf LGA

[Unintelligible] Yaro (Chairperson)

Elizabeth Olaniran

Blessing Goje

Rebecca H. Akut

Haj. Zainab Ibrahim

Pulsala Aiaa

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Description Agreements dealing with inter-communal clashes over cattle, and use of small arms.

Agreement NG_160316_Kafanchan Peace Declaration between Grazers and Farmers.pdf (opens in

document new tab) | Download PDF

Women, girls and gender

Participation Participation→Other

Page 15, Section XI, Article ii Support inclusion of farmer/grazer women in local level

peace-building.

Equality No specific mention.

Particular groups of No specific mention.

women

International law No specific mention.

New institutions No specific mention.

Violence against No specific mention.

women

Transitional justice No specific mention.

Institutional reform No specific mention.

Development No specific mention.

Implementation

Implementation→Women's role and consideration in implementation of the agreement Page 16, Section XIII, Article iii: Improve representation of women, youth and persons with disability in efforts to address inter communal conflict and commit to ensure gender inclusion elements across all activities in the implementation plans of this Declaration.

Implementation→Signing or witnessing agreement

Page 17, Signed by the Following Witnesses:

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Comfort Habila (Chairperson)

Catherine Chukwu

Patuma Haruna

Hassana Usman

Jummai Danladi

-

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Zainab Adamu

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Victoria Anthony

Karimatu Anthony

Hauwa Kadarko

Bilkisu Baku

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Zangon-Kataf LGA

[Unintelligible] Yaro (Chairperson)

Elizabeth Olaniran

Blessing Goje

Rebecca H. Akut

Haj. Zainab Ibrahim

Bukola Ajao

Amina Kazaure

Badiyya Sa'eed

Lovina Dasat

Deborah Ishaya

Other

No specific mention.