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Country/entity Central African Republic

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement name Recommendations of the Round Table on the Free Movement of People and Goods in

Nana Gribizi

Date 14 Jun 2019

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/local conflict

level

Central African Republic Conflicts (1996 -)

The Central African Republic conflict is one of a set of regionally connected conflicts addressed by the African Great Lakes process. After the country gained independence from France in 1960 it has been ruled by a sequence of autocratic leaders that principally gained power through coups. Since the mid-1990s several waves of internal conflict took place in the Central African Republic, primarily along tribal, and later-on increasingly sectarian, lines. In 1996 and 1997, French troops and soldiers from neighbouring countries intervened to end a mutiny in the capital, Bangui, by factions of the army. The fighting was predominantly along tribal lines, with southern tribes in revolt against the 'northern' government. A UN mission was installed in 1998 to secure the truce. After General Bozizé took control of the country after several coup attempts in 2003, a 'bush war' began led by armed opposition forces. From late 2006 onward, government troops with French military support severely weakened the rebels. Following this, a number of agreements were signed during 2007-2008, but not all factions have accepted them. In 2011, Bozizé was re-elected in supposedly fraudulent elections, which resulted in a new wave of uprisings. Séléka, an alliance of northern rebel groups, took over parts of the country and forced Bozizé to agree to a power-sharing deal. However, after this agreement broke down, Séléka took control of Bangui and Bozizé had to flee the country in 2013. Leader of Séléka, Michel Djotodia, took office and officially disbanded Séléka. However, continual violence between ex-Séléka groups and opposing militias, collectively known as 'anti-balaka', persisted and Djotodia was forced to resign less than a year later. Catherine Samba-Panza was installed as interim president until Faustin Archange Touadéra was elected in January 2016. In February 2019 an agreement was signed between the government and fourteen armed groups, including ex-Seleka groups, committed to disarmament. However, violence between ex-Seleka groups and anti-balaka continues.

Close

Central African Republic Conflicts (1996 -

)

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict nature Inter-group

Peace process CAR: Local Processes

Parties LIST OF PARTICIPANTS AT THE NANA GRIBIZI ROUND TABLE

1 ABDOULAYE Mahamat - Prefect/MATD

2 AWAT Mahamat - Sub-prefect/Kaga Bandoro

3 Jean Gilbert GBANGOUDOU - Deputy Prefect/Members

4 GANAFEI Sylvain - FACA

5 LENGBE Sylvanus - Head of Section

6 GOMONGO Wilfrid - Group leader, FACA

7 ABAKAR Ishmael - Com-zone, MPC

8 Abdel Doungous - Com-zone, MPC

9 Abdoulaye Ahamat - Com-zone FPRC

10 Abdelkader Hassan - CEMAT FPRC

11 WEBEGONA Laurent - ABLK coordinator

12 MAHAMAT Zen Com-zone - FPRC

13 Linguissa Gustave - ABLK com-zone

14 Mbetingou Fernand - ABLK com-zone

15 Nekemale Mc Celestin - ABLK spokesperson

16 YAVOLA Dieudonne - ABLK com-zone

17 Maka marc - ABLK com-zone

18 Yves toena - ABLK com-zone

19 NGUETEMALE Gauthier - ABLK com-zone

20 GAZAMODO Bertrand - Coordinator, ABLK, Mokom wing

21 Urban Bissafi Mokom Wing

22 Warafio Bilarmin Com-zone, Mokom Wing

23 Yamindi Ghislain Kaga Bandoro Antenna 75643960

24 Bissafi Gustave ABLK com-zone

25 Ndibizi Max - States Major, ABLK 75754141

26 Bouninga Kola Symphorien - CC, ABLK

27 Maba Alexis - Com-zone, Ouandago, ABLK

28 Moussa Paoud - Iman, Mbres

29 Nguinza Rebecca - OFCA

30 Bruce Kevin DJAYE - Priest Catholic Church, Mbres

31 SEMANDELE Olga - Female Leaders

32 NOURRADINE Hissene - Muslim civil society, Kaga

Third parties Local authorities

MINUSCA

Description

Recommendations resulting from a meeting of armed groups, prefectural authorities, and civil society representatives relating to the issue of free movement of people and goods in the Nana Gribizi prefecture and the Kaga Bandoro sub-prefecture. Includes provisions on free movement of people and goods, illegal blockades, cooperation between the regular forces and armed groups, violence against women, robberies, and management of transhumance.

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Agreement CF_190614_Recommendations of the Round Table on the Free Movement of People and

document (original Goods in Nana Gribizi.pdf (opens in new tab)

language)

Women, girls and gender

Participation No specific mention.

Equality No specific mention.

Particular groups of No specific mention.

women

International law No specific mention.

New institutions No specific mention.

Violence against Violence against women→Sexual violence women Page 2, IV. Violence against women

7. The dismantling of illegal blockades that are currently enabling racketeering,

8. The return of the criminal justice system to carry out legal proceedings against the

alleged perpetrators of sexual violence,

9. Government involvement in protecting the rights of women.

Violence against women→Protection (general)

Page 2, IV. Violence against women

9. Government involvement in protecting the rights of women.

Transitional justice No specific mention.

 $\textbf{Institutional reform} \ \text{No specific mention}.$

Development No specific mention.

Implementation Implementation→Signing or witnessing agreement

Page 3-4, LIST OF PARTICIPANTS AT THE NANA GRIBIZI ROUND TABLE ...29. Nguinza Rebecca - OFCA [Organisation des Femmes Centrafricaines]

...31 SEMANDELE Olga - Female Leaders

Other No specific mention.