

Country/entity	Guatemala
Region	Americas
Agreement name	Agreement on Resettlement of the Population Groups uprooted by the Armed Conflict
Date	17 Jun 1994
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict

Guatemalan Civil War (1960 - 1996)

Civil war broke out in Guatemala when numerous leftist and agrarian groups took up arms in 1960 in face of the repression from the conservative regime of Carlos Castillo Armas. The Armas regime came to power in 1954 following a CIA-backed coup against the leftist government of Jacobo Arbenz. The main rebel umbrella was the Guatemalan National Revolutionary Unity (URNG). During the civil war numerous counts of genocide and mass disappearances occurred. In the late 1980s, when a civilian government came to power, the URNG changed tactics when releasing that they wouldn't come to power through armed conflict. The war came to an end on December 29, 1996, and since then URNG converted to an official political party.

Close

Guatemalan Civil War (1960 - 1996)

Stage	Framework/substantive - partial
Conflict nature	Government
Peace process	Guatemala peace process

Parties	<p>For the Government of the Republic of Guatemala Signed by:</p> <p>Héctor ROSADA GRANADOS General Carlos Enrique PINEDA CARRANDA Antonio ARENALES FORNO General Julio Arnaldo BALCONI TURCIOS Mario PERMUTH General José Horacio SOTO SALAN Amilcar BURGOS SOLIS</p> <p>For the Unidad Revolucionaria Nacional Guatemalteca, General Command, Signed by: Commander Rolando MORAN Commander Pablo MONSANTO Commander Gaspar ILOM Carlos GONZALEZ</p>
Third parties	<p>'Political and Diplomatic Commission', Signed:</p> <p>Luis Felipe BECKER GUZMAN Miguel Angel SANDOVAL Francisco VILLAGRAN MUNOZ Luz MENDEZ GUTIERREZ</p> <p>Advisers Signed by: Mario Vinicio CASTAÑEDA Miguel Angel REYES Jorge ROSAL</p> <p>For the United Nations (Signed) Jean ARNAULT, Moderator</p>
Description	<p>Government committed to guaranteeing conditions necessary for safe return of internally displaced, including: promote return of land, and to involve returnees in design and implementation of a comprehensive reintegration plan. Government assumed responsibility for decentralisation and strengthening of municipal government. Parties requested UN help fund projects resulting from the accord. It also provides commitment to protect human rights, including the rights of women, children and indigenous peoples.</p>
Agreement document	<p>GT_940617_AgreementResettlementofPopulationGroups.pdf (opens in new tab) Download PDF</p>

Women, girls and gender

Participation No specific mention.

Equality Equality→Social equality
Page 9, III. PRODUCTIVE INTEGRATION OF UPROOTED POPULATION GROUPS AND DEVELOPMENT OF RESETTLEMENT AREAS
8. The Government undertakes to eliminate any form of de facto or de jure discrimination against women with regard to access to land, housing, credits and participation in development projects. The gender-based approach shall be incorporated into the policies, programmes and activities of the comprehensive development strategy.

Particular groups of women Particular groups of women→Refugee/displaced women
Page 5, II. GUARANTEES FOR THE RESETTLEMENT OF UPROOTED POPULATION GROUPS
2. Special emphasis should be placed on protecting female-headed families and widows and orphans, who have been the most seriously affected.
Particular groups of women→Other
Page 5, II. GUARANTEES FOR THE RESETTLEMENT OF UPROOTED POPULATION GROUPS
2. Special emphasis should be placed on protecting female-headed families and widows and orphans, who have been the most seriously affected.

International law No specific mention.

New institutions No specific mention.

Violence against women No specific mention.

Transitional justice No specific mention.

Institutional reform No specific mention.

Development Development→General
Page 9, III. PRODUCTIVE INTEGRATION OF UPROOTED POPULATION GROUPS AND DEVELOPMENT OF RESETTLEMENT AREAS
8. The Government undertakes to eliminate any form of de facto or de jure discrimination against women with regard to access to land, housing, credits and participation in development projects. The gender-based approach shall be incorporated into the policies, programmes and activities of the comprehensive development strategy.

Implementation No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.