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Country/entity Lesotho

Region Africa (excl MENA)

Agreement name Signed agreement by political parties on the National Assembly Electoral Bill 2011

Date 9 Mar 2011

Agreement status Multiparty signed/agreed

Interim Yes

arrangement

Agreement/conflict Intrastate/intrastate conflict

level

Lesotho Crisis (1998)

After Lesotho became independent in 1966, the Basotho National Party (BNP) established a one-party-system that lasted for almost three decades. After being beaten in elections in 1998, street protests against the new government were initialized; paving the way for a coup attempt by a faction of the national army. The conflict escalated when South African and Botswanan troops intervened in support of the elected government and although the revolt was effectively dampened by the end of the year, the political situation has remained fragile since.

Close

Lesotho Crisis (1998)

Stage Framework/substantive - partial

Conflict nature Government

Peace process Lesotho process

Parties 11 political parties are signatories;

Marematlou Freedom Party (MFP), signed by Vincent Moeketse Malebo

Lesotho Workers Party (LWP), signed by Sello Maphalla

Basotho Batho Democratic Party (BBDP), signed by Jeremane Ramathebane (signed

twice)

All Basotho Convention (ABC), signed by Tom Thabane

Lesotho People's Congress (LPC), signed by Kelebone A Maspu

Batotho National Party (BNP), signed by [Illegible]

Popular Front for Democracy (PFPD), signed by Lekhetho Rakuoane Basotho Democratic National Party (BDNP), signed by Pelele A. Letsoela

National independent, [illegible]

Government of Lesotho, by Archibald [...Illegible...]

Third parties -

Description Agreement for the amendment of the Electoral Law. Notably emphasises ensuring

proportionality in the National Assembly, fairness in campaign financing and the

inclusion of women in party lists.

Agreement document

LS_110309_Agreement on National Assembly Electoral Bill 2011.pdf (opens in new tab) |

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Women, girls and gender

Participation Participation→Gender quotas

Page 2, 12. Gender balance on party lists

a. Article 47 (2b&c)

[Explanatory note: Section 47 (2: b & c) of the Lesotho National Assembly Election Amendment Act of 2011, introduced the rule for the proportional contest whereby a political party shall 'arrange the candidates in order of preference from top to bottom, with a female or male candidate immediately followed by a candidate of the opposite sex; and include equal numbers of women and men'. Source: quotaProject - http://www.quotaproject.org/uid/countryview.cfm?country=133].

Page 2, 13. Gender quota on the party list

(Minority dissenting view in favour of one-third - BNP and BDNP, PFD)

(ABC asks for time to consider)

Equality No specific mention.

Particular groups of No specific mention.

women

International law No specific mention.

New institutions No specific mention.

Violence against

women

No specific mention.

Transitional justice No specific mention.

Institutional reform No specific mention.

Development No specific mention.

Implementation No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.