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Country/ entity	Colombia
Region	Americas
Agreement name	Hacia un Nuevo Campo Colombiano: Reforma Rural Integral
Date	6 Jun 2014
Agreement status	Multiparty signed/agreed
Interim arrangement	Yes
Agreement/ conflict level	Intrastate/intrastate conflict (Colombian Conflict (1964 -))
Stage	Framework/substantive - partial
Conflict nature	Government
Peace process	Colombia V - Santos
Parties	Delegates of Government of the Republic of Colombia (The National Government) and the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia (FARC-EP) Los delegados del Gobierno de la República de Colombia (el Gobierno Nacional) y las Fuerzas Armadas Revolucionarias de Colombia (FARC-EP)
Third parties	-
Description	This agreement provides for a place an Integral Rural Reform with the aim to put an end on the conflict, lay the bases for a structural transformation of the countryside and improve the conditions of the rural population. It defines I. its principles, II. Access and Use. Unproductive lands. Formalisation of property ownership. Agricultural Frontiers and the protection of reservation zones, III. Development programmes with territorial approach, IV. National Plans for the Integral Rural Reform

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Women, girls and gender

Participation No specific mention.

Equality

Equality→Social equality

Page 1, Toward a New Colombian countryside: Integral Rural Reform:

It will be considered:

...

that a true structural transformation of the countryside requires measures to promote the proper use of land, in accordance with its designated use and to stimulate the formalisation, restitution and equitable distribution of land. It should also ensure progressive access to rural property for inhabitants of the countryside, and in particular to women and the most vulnerable population. Such transformation should regularise and democratise property rights, promote the redistribution of land, in order to fulfil its social function

Page 2, Toward a New Colombian countryside: Integral Rural Reform:

It will be considered:

...

In relation to food and nutrition, the IRR (Integral Rural Reform) will ensure sufficient availability and access of opportunity, quantity, quality and price for food necessary for good nutrition, for all rural and urban citizens in Colombia, especially for boys and girls, pregnant and lactating women, and the elderly. This will be achieved primarily by promoting the production of food and income generation.

Page 5, 1. Access and Use. Unproductive lands. Formalisation of property ownership. Agricultural Frontiers and the protection of reservation zones

...

1.3. Beneficiaries: the beneficiaries of the plan of free allocation, integral subsidy and special credit will be agricultural workers without land or with insufficient land. Women heads of household and displaced populations will be prioritised. Other beneficiaries may include Agricultural workers' associations without land or with insufficient land, as well as people and communities that participate in settlement and resettlement programs with the aim, among others, to protect the environment, replace illicit crops and strengthen food production.

Page 13, 3. National Plans for the Integral Rural Reform, 3.2. Social development: health, education, housing, poverty eradication,

3.2.1 Health:

...

b. The adoption of a targeted gender approach, including special measures for pregnant women, boys and girls in the prevention of disease and the promotion of health care.

Page 15, 3. National Plans for the Integral Rural Reform, 3.2. Social Development: health, education, housing, poverty eradication, 3.2.3. Shelter and drinking water:

...

c. The allocation of subsidies for construction and home improvement, will give priority to the population in extreme poverty, the victims, the beneficiaries of the land distribution plan, and women head of family. The amounts of the non-repayable grant, which may cover up to the entire housing solution, shall be define in accordance with the requirements and costs of construction in each region, in order to ensure conditions of decent housing.

Particular groups of women

Particular groups of women→Pregnancy/maternity

Page 2, Toward a New Colombian countryside: Integral Rural Reform: It will be considered:

... In relation to food and nutrition, the IRR (Integral Rural Reform) will ensure sufficient availability and access of opportunity, quantity, quality and price for food necessary for good nutrition, for all rural and urban citizens in Colombia, especially for boys and girls, pregnant and lactating women, and the elderly. This will be achieved primarily by promoting the production of food and income generation.

Page 13, 3. National Plans for the Integral Rural Reform, 3.2. Social

development: health, education, housing, poverty eradication, 3.2.1 Health:

... b. The adoption of a targeted gender approach, including special measures for pregnant women, boys and girls in the prevention of disease and the promotion of health care.

Page 20, 3. National Plans for the Integral Rural Reform, 3.4. Food Security

(Sovereignty) System: ... d. Programmes against hunger and malnutrition will be developed at a national scale, particularly for the rural population in conditions of poverty, pregnant and breastfeeding women, children, and for the elderly. These programs include intensive plans for the most vulnerable rural population and those in extreme poverty.

Particular groups of women→Other

Page 2, Toward a New Colombian countryside: Integral Rural Reform: It will be considered:

...

In relation to food and nutrition, the IRR (Integral Rural Reform) will ensure sufficient availability and access of opportunity, quantity, quality and price for food necessary for good nutrition, for all rural and urban citizens in Colombia, especially for boys and girls, pregnant and lactating women, and the elderly. This will be achieved primarily by promoting the production of food and income generation.

Page 13, 3. National Plans for the Integral Rural Reform, 3.2. Social

development: health, education, housing, poverty eradication,

3.2.1 Health:

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b. The adoption of a targeted gender approach, including special measures for pregnant women, boys and girls in the prevention of disease and the promotion of health care.

Page 15, 3. National Plans for the Integral Rural Reform, 3.2. Social

Development: health, education, housing, poverty eradication, 3.2.3. Shelter and drinking water:

...

c. The allocation of subsidies for construction and home improvement, will give priority to the population in extreme poverty, the victims, the beneficiaries of the land distribution plan, and women head of family. The amounts of the non-repayable grant, which may cover up to the entire housing solution, shall be define in accordance with the requirements and costs of construction in each region, in order to ensure conditions of decent housing.

International law No specific mention.

New institutions No specific mention.

Violence against women No specific mention.

Transitional justice No specific mention.

Institutional reform No specific mention.

Development Development→General

Page 5, 1. Access and Use. Unproductive lands. Formalisation of property ownership. Agricultural Frontiers and the protection of reservation zones, 1.4. Integral Access:

In the development of principles of well-being, good-living, integrity as well as access to land, the National Government will make available, to male and female beneficiaries of the Land Fund, support plans for housing, technical assistance, capacity building, soil improvement and land recovery where necessary, production projects, commercialisation and access to means of production that increase the value, and scale up the provision of public goods within the framework of the Agricultural Development Programs with Integral Territorial Approach (PDET).

Development→Education

Page 14, 3. National Plans for the Integral Rural Reform, 3.2. Social development: health, education, housing, poverty eradication, 3.2.2. Rural Education:

...

i. The promotion of vocational training for women in non-traditional vocations.

Development→Health (general)

Page 13, 3. National Plans for the Integral Rural Reform, 3.2. Social development: health, education, housing, poverty eradication, 3.2.1 Health:

...

b. The adoption of a targeted gender approach, including special measures for pregnant women, boys and girls in the prevention of disease and the promotion of health care.

Page 20, 3. National Plans for the Integral Rural Reform, 3.4. Food Security (Sovereignty) System:

...

d. Programmes against hunger and malnutrition will be developed at a national scale, particularly for the rural population in conditions of poverty, pregnant and breastfeeding women, children, and for the elderly. These programs include intensive plans for the most vulnerable rural population and those in extreme poverty.

Implementation No specific mention.

Other No specific mention.