



<b>Country/entity</b>	Ireland United Kingdom Northern Ireland
<b>Region</b>	Europe and Eurasia
<b>Agreement name</b>	Stormont House Agreement
<b>Date</b>	23 Dec 2014
<b>Agreement status</b>	Multiparty signed/agreed
<b>Interim arrangement</b>	Yes
<b>Agreement/conflict level</b>	Intrastate/intrastate conflict

### **Northern Ireland Conflict (1968 - 1998)**

Commonly referred to as 'the Troubles', the most recent conflict over the territory of Northern Ireland can be framed as beginning in 1968 and ending with the Belfast Agreement (also known as the Good Friday Agreement) in 1998. While the genesis of the conflict was closely related to pressures for the state to reform with relation to discrimination against the (minority) Catholic population, the core issue of the conflict as it proceeded was the constitutional status of Northern Ireland, which was contested between the unionist/loyalist (mostly Protestant) majority, who wanted the territory to remain as part of the United Kingdom, and the nationalist/republican (mostly Catholic) minority, whose goal was to unite the six provincial counties with the Republic of Ireland. The thirty years prior to the Belfast or Good Friday Agreement were marked by inter-communal violence, active paramilitary groups, and the deployment of the British army in the province. Mediation by international actors, and dialogue between the British and Irish governments, and between the IRA and its representatives and the British Government eventually resulted in a ceasefire respected by the majority of combatants. Talks led to the Belfast or Good Friday Agreement which established a power-sharing system of governance between nationalist and unionist communities.

Close

Northern Ireland Conflict (1968 - 1998)

<b>Stage</b>	Implementation/renegotiation
<b>Conflict nature</b>	Government/territory
<b>Peace process</b>	Northern Ireland peace process
<b>Parties</b>	Not signed, agreement known to be between the Northern Ireland political parties, but parties unlisted.

<b>Third parties</b>	-
<b>Description</b>	Agreement dealing with issues destabilising the Northern Ireland Executive, relating to flags, emblems, protests and the past. The Agreement also includes a financial annex (published separately).

---

<b>Agreement document</b>	<a href="#">UK_IE_141223 Stormont House Agreement.pdf (opens in new tab)</a>   <a href="#">Download PDF</a>
---------------------------	---

---

## Women, girls and gender

<b>Participation</b>	No specific mention.
----------------------	----------------------

<b>Equality</b>	<p>Equality→Equality (general)</p> <p>Page 13, Outstanding Commitments, para 69</p> <p>Noting that there is not at present consensus on a Bill of Rights, the parties commit to serving the people of Northern Ireland equally, and to act in accordance with the obligations on government to promote equality and respect and to prevent discrimination; to promote a culture of tolerance, mutual respect and mutual understanding at every level of society, including initiatives to facilitate and encourage shared and integrated education and housing, social inclusion, and in particular community development and the advancement of women in public life; and to promote the interests of the whole community towards the goals of reconciliation and economic renewal.</p> <p>Equality→Social equality</p> <p>Page 13, Outstanding Commitments, para 69</p> <p>Noting that there is not at present consensus on a Bill of Rights, the parties commit to serving the people of Northern Ireland equally, and to act in accordance with the obligations on government to promote equality and respect and to prevent discrimination; to promote a culture of tolerance, mutual respect and mutual understanding at every level of society, including initiatives to facilitate and encourage shared and integrated education and housing, social inclusion, and in particular community development and the advancement of women in public life; and to promote the interests of the whole community towards the goals of reconciliation and economic renewal.</p>
-----------------	--

<b>Particular groups of women</b>	No specific mention.
-----------------------------------	----------------------

<b>International law</b>	No specific mention.
--------------------------	----------------------

<b>New institutions</b>	No specific mention.
-------------------------	----------------------

<b>Violence against women</b>	No specific mention.
-------------------------------	----------------------

**Transitional justice** No specific mention.

**Institutional reform** No specific mention.

**Development** Development→Education  
Page 13, Outstanding Commitments, para 69  
Noting that there is not at present consensus on a Bill of Rights, the parties commit to serving the people of Northern Ireland equally, and to act in accordance with the obligations on government to promote equality and respect and to prevent discrimination; to promote a culture of tolerance, mutual respect and mutual understanding at every level of society, including initiatives to facilitate and encourage shared and integrated education and housing, social inclusion, and in particular community development and the advancement of women in public life; and to promote the interests of the whole community towards the goals of reconciliation and economic renewal.

**Implementation** No specific mention.

**Other** No specific mention.

---